COMPANIES ACT 1985 - 1989

A PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

MEMORANDUM AND ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

NEWTONHILL COMMUNITY HALL ASSOCIATION

Registered Number SC257795 Incorporated in Scotland on 17th October 2003

<u>COMPANIES ACT 1985 - 1989</u> <u>A PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE</u>

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

of

NEWTONHILL COMMUNITY HALL ASSOCIATION

- 1. The name of the company is NEWTONHILL COMMUNITY HALL ASSOCIATION (hereinafter called "the Company").
- The registered office of the Company is to be situated in Scotland.
- This clause shall be interpreted as if it incorporated an over-riding qualification limiting the powers of the Company such that any activity which would otherwise be permitted by the terms of this clause may be carried on only if that activity furthers a purpose which is regarded as charitable for the purposes of section 505 of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (including any statutory amendment or re-enactment for the time being in force), and that subject to the foregoing qualification the objects of the Company shall be:-
 - (a) To promote the benefit of the inhabitants of Newtonhill and environs without distinction of political, religious or other opinions, by associating with voluntary organisations and inhabitants in a common effort to advance education and to provide facilities in the interest of social welfare for recreation and leisure time occupation with the object of improving the conditions of life for the said inhabitants.
 - (b) To secure the establishment, maintenance and management of a community hall for activities promoted by the association in furtherance of the above object;

(and anything incidental or conducive to any of those and following objects) and the Company shall have the following powers exercisable in furtherance of its said objects but not otherwise namely.

3.1 to purchase, take on lease, or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire real or personal property and rights or privileges, and to construct, maintain and alter buildings or erections;

- 3.2 to sell, let or mortgage, dispose of or turn to account all or any of the property or assets of the Company;
- 3.3 to purchase or otherwise acquire plant and machinery including computer hardware and software, furniture, fixtures, fittings and all other effects of every description and to apply for registration of any patents, rights, copyrights, licences and the like;
- 3.4 to borrow or raise money on such terms and on such security as may be thought fit with such consents as are required by law;
- 3.5 to take and accept any gift of money, property or other assets whether subject to any special trust or not;
- 3.6 to issue appeals, hold public meetings and take such other steps as may be required for the purpose of procuring contributions to the funds of the Company in the shape of donations, subscriptions or otherwise;
- 3.7 to draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, execute and issue promissory notes, bills, cheques and other instruments and to operate bank accounts;
- 3.8 to invest moneys of the Company not immediately required for its purposes in or upon such investments, securities or property as may be thought fit subject nevertheless to such conditions (if any) and such consents (if any) as may for the time being be imposed or required by law;
- 3.9 to make any donations in cash or assets or establish or support or aid in the establishment or support of and to lend money (with or without security) to or for any charitable associations or institutions;
- 3.10 to undertake and execute charitable trusts;
- 3.11 to engage and pay any person or persons whether on a full-time or part-time basis or whether as consultant or employee to supervise, organise, carry on the work of and advise the Company and, subject to the provisions of clause 4 hereof, to make any reasonable and necessary provision for the payment of pensions and superannuation to or on behalf of employees or former employees and their wives, husbands and other dependants;

- 3.12 to amalgamate with any companies, institutions, societies or associations which shall be charitable by law and have objects altogether or mainly similar to those of the Company and prohibit payment of any dividend or profit to and the distribution of any of their assets among their members at least to the same extent as such payments or distributions are prohibited in the case of members of the Company by this Memorandum of Association;
- to pay out of funds of the Company the costs, charges and expenses of and incidental to the formation and registration of the Company;
- 3.14 to do all such other lawful and charitable things as shall further the attainment of the objects of the Company or any of them

Provided that:

- 3.14.1 In case the Company shall take or hold any property which may be subject to any trusts, the Company shall only deal with or invest the same in such manner as allowed by law, having regard to such trusts;
- 3.14.2 The Company's objects shall not extend to the regulation of relations between workers and employers or organisations of workers and organisations of employers.
- 3.15 to establish, promote, organise, incorporate, reorganise, finance and to aid and assist, financially or otherwise, companies and corporations.
- The income and property of the Company shall be applied solely towards the promotion of its objects as set forth in this Memorandum of Association and no member shall have any personal claim on any property of the Company and no portion thereof shall be paid or transferred directly or indirectly by way of dividend, bonus or otherwise howsoever by way of profit, to members of the Company and no director of the Company.

Provided that nothing herein shall prevent any payment in good faith by the Company:

4.1 of reasonable and proper remuneration to any member, officer or servant of the Company (not being a director) for any services rendered to the Company and of travelling expenses necessarily incurred in carrying out the duties of any member, officer or servant of the Company;

- 4.2 of interest on money lent by a member or director of the Company at a rate per annum not exceeding two percentage points less than the base lending rate for the time being of the Company's clearing;
- 4.3 to any director of reasonable out-of-pocket expenses;
- 4.4 of fees, remuneration or other benefit in money or money's worth to a Company of which a member of the Company or a director may be a member;
- 4.5 of reasonable and proper rent for premises let, directly or indirectly, by any member of the Company or any director.
- 5 The liability of the members is limited.
- Every member of the Company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the Company, in the event of the same being wound up while he is a member, or within one year after he ceases to be a member, for payment of the debts and liabilities of the Company contracted before he ceases to be a member and of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up and for the adjustment of the rights of the contributories among themselves, such amount as may be required not exceeding £1.
- If upon the winding up or dissolution of the Company there remains, after the satisfaction of all its debts and liabilities, any property whatsoever, the same shall not be paid to or distributed among the members of the Company, but shall be given or transferred to some other charitable body or bodies having objects similar to the objects of the Company, and which shall prohibit the distribution of its or their income and property among its or their members to an extent at least as great as is imposed on the Company under or by virtue of clause 4 hereof, such body or bodies to be determined by the members of the Company at or before the time of dissolution.

We, the subscribers to this memorandum of association, wish to be formed into a company pursuant to this memorandum.

Name and addresses of subscribers

Maland Jame Ce	
Melanie Jane Torrance	
48 St Michaels Road	
Newtonhill, Kincardineshire	
AB39 3RW	

Clare Chi		
Claire Caskie		
74 St Michaels Road		
Newtonhill, Kincardineshire		
AB39 3RW		

Margaret Murray Russell 7 St Michaels Way Newtonhill, Kincardineshire AB39 3GS

Dated the	day of	2023
WITNESS to the a	bove signatures: -	
L Borne	tt	Witness
LOUISE SHE	EMBED BURN	JEI Full Name
5 DONNE	GAN AVE	WE. Address
PORTIGHEN	J, AB124	JE.

THE COMPANIES ACTS 1985 TO 1989 COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

THE NEWTONHILL COMMUNITY HALL ASSOCIATION

Preliminary

1 In these Articles:

'the Act' means the Companies Act 1985 including any statutory modification or reenactment thereof for the time being in force

'the Articles' means the Articles of the Company

'Clear Days' in relation to the period of a notice means that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect

'Executed' includes any mode of execution

'Office' means the registered office of the Company

'The Seal' means the common seal of the Company

'Secretary' means the Secretary of the Company or any other person appointed to perform the duties of the Secretary of the Company, including a joint, assistant or deputy secretary

'the United Kingdom' means Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these Articles bear the same meaning as in the Act but excluding any statutory modification thereof not in force when these Articles become binding on the Company.

Members

- The subscribers to the Memorandum of Association of the Company and such other persons as are admitted to membership in accordance with the Articles shall be members of the Company. No person shall be admitted as a member of the Company unless he/she is approved by the directors. Every person who wishes to become a member shall deliver to the Company an application for membership in such form as the directors require executed by him.
- A member may at any time withdraw from the Company by giving at least 7 Clear Days' notice to the Company. Membership shall not be transferable and shall cease on death.
- Annual subscriptions for membership shall be set by the Directors of the Company, and shall be payable in advance, the first subscription being due on admission and subsequent subscriptions being due annually on or before 1st January or such other date as set by the Directors. Any member failing to complete payment within 90 days of the due date for payment shall be deemed to have resigned as a member of the Company.
- The directors may also at their discretion terminate the membership of any member but the requirements of natural justice shall be respected and a member shall be entitled to be heard in his own defence by the directors or a committee of the directors. Further the directors shall be entitled to terminate the membership of any member where the member ceases to be permanently resident within Newtonhill, Cammachmore or Muchalls.
- It shall be lawful for the directors to provide for the admission of such persons as they may think fit to be friends or associates of the Company and for the rights duties and liabilities (if any) of such friends or associates but so that such persons shall not by virtue of being friends or associates as aforesaid be members of the Company and their rights (if any) shall not include a right to speak or vote at general meetings of the Company. The Secretary shall keep an accurate register of such friends or associates of the Company.

General meetings

The Company shall in each calendar year hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting in addition to any other meetings in that year and shall specify the meeting

as such in the notices calling it; and not more than 15 months shall elapse between the date of one annual general meeting of the Company and that of the next. Provided that so long as the Company holds its first annual general meeting within 18 months of its incorporation, it need not hold it in the year of its incorporation or in the following year. The annual general meeting in each year shall be held at such time and place as the directors shall appoint. All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings.

The directors may call general meetings and, on the requisition of members pursuant to the provisions of the Act, shall forthwith proceed to convene an extraordinary general meeting for a date not later than 5 weeks after receipt of the requisition. If there are not within the United Kingdom sufficient directors to call a general meeting, any director or any member of the Company may call a general meeting.

Notice of general meetings

- An annual general meeting and an extraordinary general meeting called for the passing of a special resolution or a resolution appointing a person as a director shall be called by at least 21 Clear Days' notice. All other extraordinary general meetings shall be called by at least 14 Clear Days' notice but a general meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed:
 - (a) in the case of an annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
 - (b) in the case of any other meeting by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote being a majority together holding not less than 95 per cent of the total voting rights at the meeting of all the members.

The notice shall specify the time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted and, in the case of an annual general meeting, shall specify the meeting as such. The notice shall be given to all the members and to the directors and auditors.

The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

Proceedings at general meetings

No business shall be transacted at any meeting unless a quorum is present. A quorum shall be three unrelated persons, being a member or proxy for a member or

a duly authorised representative of the corporation.

- If such a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, or if during the meeting such a quorum ceases to be present, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or to such other time as the directors may determine.
- The Chairman, if any, of the board of directors or in his absence some other director nominated by the directors shall preside as chairman of the meeting, but if neither the chairman nor such other director (if any) be present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting ad willing to act, the directors shall elect one of their number to be chairman and if there is only one director present and willing to act, he shall be chairman.
- If no director is willing to act as chairman, or if no director is present within 15 minutes after the time appointed of holding the meeting, the members present and entitled to vote shall choose one or their number to be chairman.
- A director shall, notwithstanding that he is not a member, be entitled to attend and speak at any general meeting.
- The chairman may, with the consent of the meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place but no business shall be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than business which might properly have been transacted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place. When a meeting is adjourned for 14 days or more, at least 7 Clear Days notice shall be given specifying the time and place of the adjourned meeting and the general nature of business to be transacted. Otherwise, it shall not be necessary to give any such notice.
- A resolution put to the vote of a meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless before, or on the declaration of the result of, the show of hands a poll is duly demanded. Subject to the provisions of the Act, a poll may be demanded:
 - (a) by the chairman; or
 - (b) by a member or members representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting;

and a demand by a person as proxy for a member shall be the same as a demand by

the member.

- Unless a poll is duly demanded a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, or not carried by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution.
- The demand for a poll may, before the poll is taken, be withdrawn but only with the consent of the chairman and a demand so withdrawn shall not be taken to have invalidated the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made.
- A poll shall be taken as the chairman directs and he may appoint scrutineers (who need not be members) and fix a time and place for declaring the result of the poll. The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.
- In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any other vote he may have.
- A poll demanded on the election of a chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either forthwith or at such other time and place as the chairman directs not being more than 30 days after the poll is demanded. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll was demanded. If a poll is demanded before the declaration of the result of a show of hands and the demand is duly withdrawn, the meeting shall continue as if the demand had not been made.
- No notice need be given of a poll not taken forthwith if the time and place at which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which it is demanded. In any other case at least 7 Clear Days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken.
- A resolution in writing executed by or on behalf of each member who would have been entitled to vote upon it if it had been proposed at a general meeting at which he was present shall be effectual as if it had been passed at a general meeting duly

convened an held and may consist of several instruments in the like form each executed or on behalf of one or more of the members.

Votes of members

- On a show of hands every member present in person shall have one vote. On a poll every member present in person or by proxy shall have one vote.
- A member in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder may vote, whether on a show if hands or on a poll, by his receiver, curator bonis or other person authorised on that behalf appointed by that court, and any such receiver, curator bonis or other person may, on a poll, vote by proxy. Evidence to the satisfaction of the directors of the authority of the person claiming to exercise the right to vote shall be deposited at the office, or at such other place as is specified in accordance with the Articles for the deposit of instruments of proxy, not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised and in default the right to vote shall not be exercisable.
- No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered and every vote not disallowed at the meeting shall be valid. Any objection made in due time shall be referred to the chairman whose decision shall be final and conclusive.
- An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing, and executed by or on behalf of the appointed and shall be in the following form (or in as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual or which the directors may approve):

NEWTONHILL COMMUNITY HALL ASSOCIATION

I/We of

Being a member/members of the above named Company, hereby appoint

of or failing him of

as my/our proxy to vote in my/our name[s] and on my/our
behalf at the annual/extraordinary general meeting of the Company to be held on
and at any adjournment thereof.

Signed on

Where it is desired to afford members an opportunity of instructing the proxy how he shall act the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form (or in a form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual or which the directors may approve):

NEWTONHILL COMMUNITY HALL ASSOCIATION

I/We of

being a member/members of the above-named Company, hereby appoint

of or failing him

as my/our proxy to vote in my/our name[s] and on my/our behalf at the annual/extraordinary general meeting of the Company, to be held on adjournment thereof.

of

This form is to be used in respect of the resolutions mentioned below as follows:

Resolution No 1 for against

Resolution No 2 for against

Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy may vote as he thinks fit or abstain from voting.

Signed this day of

- The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is executed or a copy of such authority certified notarially or in some other way approved by the directors may:
 - (a) be deposited at the office or such other place within the United Kingdom as is specified in the notice convening the meeting or in any instrument of proxy sent out by the Company in relation to the meeting not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote; or
 - (b) in the case of a poll taken more than 48 hours after it is demanded, be deposited as aforesaid after the poll has been demanded and not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll; or
 - (c) where the poll is not taken forthwith but is taken not more than 48 hours after it was demanded, be delivered at the meeting at which the poll was demanded to the chairman or to the Secretary or to any director;

and an instrument of proxy which is not deposited or delivered in a manner so

permitted shall be invalid.

A vote given or poll demanded by proxy or by the duly authorised representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous determination of the authority of the person voting or demanding a poll unless notice of the determination was received by the Company at the Office or at such other place at which the instrument of proxy was duly deposited before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote is given or the poll demanded or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) the time appointed for taking the poll.

Number of directors

Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution, the number of directors (other than alternate directors) shall not be subject to any maximum but the minimum number shall be three unrelated people.

Alternate directors

- Any director (other than an alternate director) may appoint any other director, or any other person approved by resolution of the directors and willing to act, to be an alternate director and may remove from office an alternate director so appointed by him.
- An alternate director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of directors and of all meetings of committees of directors of which his appointor is a member, to attend and vote at any such meeting at which the director appointing him is not personally present and generally to perform all the functions of his appointor as a director in his absence but shall not be entitled to receive any remuneration from the Company for his services as an alternate director.
- An alternate director shall cease to be an alternate director if his appointor ceases to be a director; but, if a director retires but is re-appointed or deemed to have been reappointed at the meeting at which he retires, any appointment of an alternate director made by him which was in force immediately prior to his retirement shall continue after his re-appointment.

- Any appointment or removal of an alternate director shall be by notice to the Company signed by the director making or revoking the appointment or in any other matter approved by the directors.
- Save as otherwise provided in the Articles, an alternate director shall be deemed for all purposes to be a director and shall alone be responsible for his own acts and defaults and he shall not be deemed to be the agent of the director appointing him.

Powers of directors

- Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Memorandum and the Articles and to any directions given by special resolution, the business of the Company shall be managed by the directors who may exercise all the powers of the Company. No alteration of the Memorandum or Articles and no such direction shall invalidate any prior act of the directors which would have been valid if that alteration had not been made or that direction had not been given. The powers given by this regulation shall not be limited by any special power given to the directors by the Articles and a meeting of directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the directors.
- The directors may, by power of attorney or otherwise, appoint any person to be the agent of the Company for such purposes and on such conditions as they determine, including authority for the agent to delegate all or any of his powers.

Delegation of directors' powers /Council of Representatives

The directors may delegate any of their powers to any committee or to a Council of Representatives ('Council') consisting of one or more directors or other persons. They may also delegate to any managing director or any director holding any other executive office such of their powers as they consider desirable to be exercised by him. Any such delegation may be made subject to any conditions the directors may impose, and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers and may be revoked or altered. Subject to any such conditions, the proceedings of a committee or Council with two or more members shall be governed by the Articles regulating the proceedings of directors so far as they are capable of applying.

Appointment and retirement of directors

At the first annual general meeting all the directors shall retire from office.

- Directors will be elected to serve for a period of 3 years, and subject to the provisions will be eligible to stand for re-election.
- If the Company, at the meeting at which a director retires, does not fill the vacancy the retiring director shall, if willing to act, be deemed to have been re-appointed unless at the meeting it is resolved not to fill the vacancy or unless a resolution for the re-appointment of the director is put to the meeting and lost.
- No person other than a director retiring shall be appointed or re-appointed a director at any general meeting unless:
 - (a) he is recommended by the directors; or
 - (b) not less than 14 nor more than 35 Clear Days before the date appointed for the meeting, notice executed by a member qualified to vote at the meeting has been given to the Company of the intention to propose that person for appointment or re-appointment stating the particulars which would, if he were so appointed or re-appointed, be required to be included in the Company's register of directors together with notice executed by that person of his willingness to be appointed or re-appointed.
- Not less than 7 nor more than 28 Clear Days before the date appointed for holding a general meeting notice shall be given to all who are entitled to receive notice of the meeting of any person who is recommended by the directors for appointment or reappointment as a director at the meeting or in respect of whom notice has been duly given to the Company of the intention to propose him at the meeting for appointment or re-appointment as a director. The notice shall give the particulars of that person which would, if he were so appointed or re-appointed, be required to be included in the Company's register of directors.
- Subject as aforesaid, the Company may by ordinary resolution appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director.
- The directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director, provided that the appointment does not cause the number of directors to exceed any number fixed by or in accordance with the Articles as the maximum number of directors. A director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting. If not re-appointed at such annual general meeting, he shall vacate his office at the conclusion thereof.

Subject as aforesaid, a director who retires at an annual general meeting may, if willing to act, be re-appointed. If he is not re-appointed, he shall retain office until the meeting appoints someone in his place, or if it does not do so, until the end of the meeting.

Disqualification and removal of directors

- The office of a director shall be vacated if:
 - (a) he ceases to be a director by virtue of any provision of the Act or he becomes prohibited by law from being a director; or
 - (b) he becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally; or
 - (c) he is, or may be, suffering from mental disorder and either:
 - (i) he is admitted to hospital in pursuance of an application for admission for treatment under the Mental Health Act 1983 or, in Scotland, an application for admission under the Mental Health (Scotland) Act 1984; or
 - (ii) an order is made by a court having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder for his detention or for the appointment of a receiver, curator bonis or other person to exercise powers with respect to his property or affairs; or
 - (d) he resigns his office by notice to the Company; or
 - (e) he shall for more than 6 consecutive months have been absent without permission of the directors from meetings of directors held during that period and the directors resolve that his office be vacated.

Remuneration of directors

The provisions of the Memorandum of Association as to the remuneration of directors shall apply.

Directors' expenses

The directors may be paid all travelling, hotel, and other expenses properly incurred by them in connection with their attendance at meetings of directors or committee of directors or general meetings or separate meetings of the holders of debentures of the Company or otherwise in connection with the discharge of their duties.

Directors' appointments and interests

- Subject to the provisions of the Act and of the Memorandum of Association, the directors may appoint one or more of their number to the office of managing director or to any other executive office under the Company and may enter into an agreement or arrangement with any director for his employment by the Company or for the provision by him of any services outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a director. Any such appointment, agreement or arrangement may be made upon such terms as the directors determine and they may remunerate any such director for his services as they think fit. Any appointment of a director to an executive office shall terminate if he ceases to be a director but without prejudice to any claim to damages for breach of the contract of service between the director and the Company.
- Subject to the provisions of the Act and the Memorandum of Association and provided that he has disclosed to the directors the nature and extent of any material interest of his, a director notwithstanding his office:
 - (a) may be a party to, or otherwise be interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the Company or in which the Company is otherwise interested;
 - (b) may be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to any transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate promoted by the Company or in which the Company is otherwise interested; and
 - (c) shall not, by reason of his office, be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he derives from any such office or employment from any such transaction or arrangement or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the ground of any such interest or benefit.

For the purposes of regulation 53:

- (a) a general notice given to the directors that a director is to be regarded as having an interest of the nature and extent specified in the notice in any transaction or arrangement in which a specified person or class of persons is interested shall be deemed to be a disclosure that the director has an interest in any such transaction of the nature and extent so specified; and
- (b) an interest of which a director has no knowledge and of which it is unreasonable to expect him to have knowledge shall not be treated as an

interest of his.

Directors' gratuities and pensions

Subject to the provisions of the Memorandum of Association the directors may provide benefits, whether by the payment of gratuities or pensions or by insurance or otherwise, for any director who has held but no longer holds any executive office or employment with the Company or with any body corporate which is or has been a subsidiary of the Company or a predecessor in business of the Company or of any such subsidiary, and for any member of his family (including a spouse and a former spouse) or any person who is or was dependent on him, and may (as well before as after he ceases to hold such office or employment) contribute to any fund and pay premiums for the purchase or provision of any such benefit.

Proceedings of directors

- Subject to the provisions of the Articles, the directors may regulate their proceedings as they think fit. A director may, and the Secretary at the request of a director shall, call a meeting of the directors. Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In the case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall have a second or casting vote. A director who is also an alternate director shall be entitled in the absence of his appointor to a separate vote on behalf of his appointor in addition to his own vote.
- The quorum for the transaction of the business of the directors may be fixed by the directors and unless so fixed at any other number shall be one. A person who holds office only as an alternate director shall, if his appointor is not present, be counted in the quorum.
- Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 57, the continuing directors or a sole continuing director may act notwithstanding any vacancies in their number, but, if the number of directors is less than the number fixed as the quorum, the continuing directors or director may act only for the purpose of filling vacancies or of calling a general meeting.
- The directors may appoint one of their number to be the chairman of the board of directors and may at any time remove him from that office. Unless he is unwilling to

do so, the director so appointed shall preside at every meeting of directors at which he is present. But if there is no director holding that office, or if the director holding it is unwilling to preside or is not present within 5 minutes after the time appointed for the meeting, the directors present may appoint one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.

- All acts done by a meeting of directors, or of a committee of directors, or by a person acting as a director shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was a defect in the appointment of any director or that any of them were disqualified from holding office, or had vacated office, or were not entitled to vote, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a director and had been entitled to vote.
- A resolution in writing signed by all the directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of directors as (as the case may be) a committee of directors duly convened and held and may consist of several documents in the like form each signed by one or more directors; but a resolution signed by an alternate director need not also be signed by his appointor and, if it is signed by a director who has appointed an alternate director, it need not be signed by the alternate director in that capacity.
- Save as otherwise provided by the Articles, a director shall not vote at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors on any resolution concerning a matter in which he has, directly or indirectly, an interest or duty which is material and which conflicts or may conflict with the interests of the Company unless his interest or duty arises only because the case falls within one or more of the following paragraphs:
 - (a) the resolution relates to the giving to him of a guarantee, security or indemnity in respect of money lent to, or an obligation incurred by him for the benefit of, the Company or any of its subsidiaries;
 - (b) the resolution relates to the giving to a third party of a guarantee, security or indemnity in respect of an obligation of the Company or any of its subsidiaries for which the director has assumed responsibility in whole or part and whether alone or jointly with others under a guarantee or indemnity or by the giving of security;
 - (c) his interest arises by virtue of his subscribing or agreeing to subscribe for any debentures of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or by virtue of his

being, or intending to become, a participant in the underwriting or subunderwriting of an offer of any such debentures by the Company or any of its subsidiaries for subscription, purchase or exchange;

(d) the resolution relates in any way to a retirement benefits scheme which has been approved, or is conditional upon approval, by the Board of Inland Revenue for taxation purposes.

For the purposes of this regulation, an interest of a person who is, for any purpose of the Act (excluding any statutory modification thereof not in force when this regulation becomes binding on the Company), connected with a director shall be treated as an interest of the director and, in relation to an alternate director, an interest of his appointor shall be treated as an interest of the alternate director without prejudice to any interest which the alternate director has otherwise.

- A director shall not be counted in the quorum present at a meeting in relation to a resolution on which he is not entitled to vote.
- The Company may by ordinary resolution suspend or relax to any extent, either generally or in respect of any particular matter, any provision of the Articles prohibiting a director from voting at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors.
- Where proposals are under consideration concerning the appointment of two or more directors to offices or employments with the Company or any body corporate in which the Company is interested the proposals may be divided and considered in relation to each director separately and (provided he is not for another reason precluded from voting) each of the directors concerned shall be entitled to vote and be counted in the quorum in respect of each resolution except that concerning his own appointment.
- If a question arises at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors as to the right of a director to vote, the question may, before the conclusion of the meeting, be referred to the chairman of the meeting and his ruling in relation to any director other than himself shall be final and conclusive.

Secretary

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Secretary shall be appointed by the directors for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit;

and any Secretary so appointed may be removed by them.

Minutes

- The directors shall cause minutes to be made in books kept for the purpose:
 - (a) of all appointments of officers made by the directors; and
 - (b) of all proceedings at meetings of the Company, and of the directors, and of committees, including the names of the persons present at each such meeting.

The Seal

The Seal shall only be used by the authority of the directors or of a committee of directors authorised by the directors. The directors may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the Seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a director and by the Secretary or by two directors.

President, vice-presidents and treasurer

The directors may appoint any person to be the president and any person or persons to be vice-presidents or treasurer of the Company for such term or terms specified at the time of appointment as they shall think fit. Such persons shall not by virtue only of such appointments be directors or members of the Company.

Accounts

- No member shall (as such) have any right of inspecting any accounting records or other book or document of the Company except as conferred by statute or authorised by the directors or by ordinary resolution of the Company.
- In the event that it is required by Law, Auditors shall be appointed and the accounts of the Company shall be audited prior to being laid in general meeting and the duties of the auditors shall be regulated in accordance with sections 236 and 237 and Chapter V of Part XI of and otherwise in accordance with the Act.

Notices

Any notices to the Company or to any member shall be in writing. The Company may give any notice to any member either personally or by sending it by pre-paid, first class letter post to the registered address thereof or by leaving it at that address or by sending or leaving it at any other address of which the Company shall have received written notice provided always that in any such case the Company shall not

be responsible for, and the member concerned shall have no recourse in respect of, any failure to receive the same.

- 74.1 Without prejudice to Articles 73 the Company may give any notice to a member or debenture holder or any other person entitled to receive a notice of general meeting by electronic means provided that:
 - (a) the person has given his consent in writing to receiving notice communicated by electronic means and in such consent has set out an address to which the notice shall be sent by electronic means; and
 - (b) the electronic means used by the Company enables the person concerned to read the text of the notice.
- 74.2 In this article "electronic" means actuated by electric, magnetic, electro-magnetic, electro-chemical or electro-mechanical energy and "by electronic means" means by any manner only capable of being so actuated, examples of which are facsimile transmission, CD-ROM, e-mail or making information available on a website.
- 75 Notice of every general meeting shall be given to: -
 - 75.1. every member entitled to the same by the rights attaching to the shares thereof;
 - 75.2. the auditor for the time being of the Company;
 - 75.3. the Directors, including alternate Directors;

No other person shall be entitled to receive notice of general meetings.

A notice sent by the Company by first-class post shall be deemed to have been received on the day following that on which it is posted, and proof that the envelope containing the notice was properly addressed, pre-paid and posted shall be deemed to be conclusive evidence that the notice was given. A notice given to a person by electronic means shall be given on the day it was despatched by electronic means.

Winding up

On the winding-up and dissolution of the Company the provisions of the Memorandum of Association shall have effect as if repeated in these Articles.

Indemnity

Subject to the provisions of the Act but without prejudice to any indemnity to which a director may otherwise be entitled, every director or other officer or auditor of the Company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against any liability

incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgement is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application in which relief is granted to him by the court from liability for negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the affairs of the Company.

Name and addresses of subscribers

Kilduli Stanser
Melanie Jane Torrance
48 St Michaels Road
Newtonhill, Kincardineshire
A B 3 0 3 D W

Claire Caskie 74 St Michaels Road Newtonhill, Kincardineshire AB39 3RW

Margaret Murray Russell 7 St Michaels Way Newtonhill, Kincardineshire AB39 3GS

Dated the day of 2023

WITNESS to the above signatures:
L. BUNNET. Witness

L. SH6PHORD-BURNET. Full Name

S. DUNUEGAN AVENUE. Address

PORTIETHON, ABIZ LINE